



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of

Downhill Holiday Resorts Private Limited

### 1. Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Downhill Holiday Resorts Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### 2. Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### 3. Auditor's Responsibility

3.1 Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required



to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

3.2 An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

3.3 We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

#### **4. Opinion**

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March, 2017, and its financial performance including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **5. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

5.1 As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of



section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement of the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

5.2 As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rule issued thereunder;
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B"; and
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. the Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.

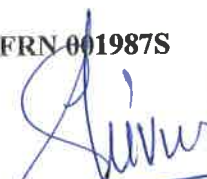


- ii. the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. the Company has provided requisite disclosures in its standalone Ind AS financial statements as to holdings as well as dealings in Specified Bank Notes during the period from 8 November, 2016 to 30 December, 2016 and these are in accordance with the books of accounts maintained by the Company.

for MSSV & Co.

**Chartered Accountants**

FRN 001987S

  
Shiv Shankar T R



**Partner**

**Membership No. 220517**

**Place of Signature : Bangalore**

**Date : 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2017**

**ANNEXURE A TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT****Referred to in paragraph 5.1 of our report of even date**

Based upon the information and explanations furnished to us and the books and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

1. In respect of Fixed Assets:
  - a. The company is not holding any fixed asset and hence commenting on paragraph 3(i) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ('the Order') does not arise.
2. In respect of its inventories:
  - a. The company is not holding any inventory and hence commenting on paragraph 3(ii) of the Order does not arise.
3. In respect of loans secured or unsecured, granted by the Company to Companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013:

During the period covered by our audit, the company has not granted any loan. However, in the earlier years, the company has given an advance of Rs.8,16,88,489/- to one company covered under the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.

  - a. Based on information and explanation provided to us, based on our opinion the loan granted are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
  - b. According to the information and explanations given to us, the terms of arrangement do not stipulate any repayment schedule and the loans are repayable on demand. Further, no interest has been stipulated on the said advance.
  - c. There are no overdue amounts in respect of the loans granted to the company covered under the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
4. The Company has not made any loans, investments, guarantees, and security during the financial year in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are to be complied with hence commenting on paragraph 3(iv) of the Order does not arise.



5. During the year covered under our audit, the company has not accepted any deposits from the public. Hence commenting on the compliance of Section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules framed thereunder and the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India does not arise.
6. According to the information and explanations given to us, maintenance of cost records under sub section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 has not been prescribed to the Company.
7. In respect of statutory dues:
- a. Undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities except for delays in remittance of Income Tax (TDS) and Service Tax in a few cases.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Wealth Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Cess and other undisputed statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable:
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of sales tax, income tax, custom duty, wealth tax, excise duty, cess and service tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
8. Based on our audit procedures performed and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not taken any loans from banks and financial institutions. Also, the company does not have any debentures. Hence commenting on of paragraph 3(viii) of the Order does not arise.
9. The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the financial year. Hence commenting on of paragraph 3(ix) of the Order does not arise.
10. According to information given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.





11. Company has not paid/provided for managerial remuneration. Hence commenting on of paragraph 3(xi) of the Order does not arise.
12. Company is not a Nidhi Company. Hence commenting on of paragraph 3(xii) of the Order does not arise.
13. Transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
14. the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review.
15. According to information given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Hence commenting on of paragraph 3(xv) of the Order does not arise.
16. The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

for MSSV & Co.,

**Chartered Accountants**

**FRN: 001987S**



**Shiv Shankar T R**

**Partner**

**Membership No: 220517**

**Place of Signature : Bangalore**

**Date : 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2017**

**ANNEXURE B TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

**Referred to in paragraph 5.2(f) of our report of even date**

**Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting M/s. Downhill Holiday Resorts Private Limited "the Company" as of March 31, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

**Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India [ICAI]. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

**Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.





Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### **Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting**

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisation's of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate



**Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2017 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

for MSSV & Co.,

**Chartered Accountants**

FRN: 001987S



**Shiv Shankar T R**

**Partner**

**Membership No: 220517**

**Place of Signature : Bangalore**

**Date : 27<sup>th</sup> May, 2017**

**DOWNHILL HOLIDAY RESORTS PRIVATE LIMITED**

'The Falcon House', No1, Main Guard Cross Road, Bangalore - 560001

CIN: U55102KA1995PTC019332

**BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2017**

₹ in hundreds

Particulars	Note no.	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
<b>ASSETS</b>				
<b>Non-current assets</b>				
a) Financial asset				
(i) Investments	5	-	1,07,985.60	1,07,985.60
b) Deferred Tax Asset		20,200.00	-	-
		<b>20,200.00</b>	<b>1,07,985.60</b>	<b>1,07,985.60</b>
<b>Current assets</b>				
a) Financial asset				
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	6	6,522.73	7,231.19	7,497.62
(ii) Short term - Loan	7	8,16,884.89	8,16,884.89	8,16,884.89
(iii) Other Current Financial Assets	8	2,08,745.58	-	-
		<b>10,32,153.20</b>	<b>8,24,116.08</b>	<b>8,24,382.51</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>10,52,353.20</b>	<b>9,32,101.68</b>	<b>9,32,368.11</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>				
<b>EQUITY</b>				
Equity Share Capital	9	4,15,000.00	4,15,000.00	4,15,000.00
Other Equity	10	6,16,688.49	5,16,731.48	5,17,023.13
		<b>10,31,688.49</b>	<b>9,31,731.48</b>	<b>9,32,023.13</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>				
(a) Financial Liabilities				
(i) Other Current Financial Liabilities	11	463.21	324.94	266.72
(b) Other Current Liabilities	12	1.50	45.26	78.26
(c) Income tax liabilities (net)		20,200.00	-	-
		<b>20,664.71</b>	<b>370.20</b>	<b>344.98</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>10,52,353.20</b>	<b>9,32,101.68</b>	<b>9,32,368.11</b>

Accompanying notes forming part of the Financial Statements

This is the balance sheet referred to in our report of even date

**For MSSV & Co**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.0019875

*Shiv Shankar T.R.*  
Partner

Membership No.220517

Place: Bangalore

Date: 27 May, 2017

**For and on behalf of the Board**

*Badrinissa Irfan*

**Badrinissa Irfan**

Director

DIN:01191458

Place: Bangalore

Date: 27 May, 2017

*Sameera Noaman*

**Sameera Noaman**

Director

DIN:01191723

Place: Bangalore

Date: 27 May, 2017

**DOWNHILL HOLIDAY RESORTS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
 'The Falcon House', No1, Main Guard Cross Road, Bangalore - 560001  
 CIN: U55102KA1995PTC019332  
**STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017**

₹ in hundreds

Particulars	Note no.	Year ended 31 Mar 2017	Year ended 31 Mar 2016
<b>Revenue from operations</b>			
Other income		1,00,750.56	-
<b>Total Revenue - (I)</b>		<b>1,00,750.56</b>	-
<b>Expenses</b>			
Other Expenses	14	793.55	291.65
<b>Total Expenses - (II)</b>		<b>793.55</b>	<b>291.65</b>
<b>Profit before tax (III= I-II)</b>		<b>99,957.01</b>	<b>(291.65)</b>
<b>Tax expense:</b>			
- Current tax		20,200.00	-
- Deferred tax charge/ (credit)		(20,200.00)	-
<b>Total Tax expense (IV)</b>		-	-
<b>Profit for the year (V= III-IV)</b>		<b>99,957.01</b>	<b>(291.65)</b>
<b>Total other comprehensive income (VI)</b>		0.00	0.00
<b>Total Comprehensive Income (V+VI)</b>		<b>99,957.01</b>	<b>(291.65)</b>
<b>Earning per Equity share (equity shares, par value Rs 10 each)</b>			
- basic and diluted (in Rupees)	22	2.41	(0.01)
Weighted average number of equity shares considered for computing earnings per share (in numbers)		41,50,000.00	41,50,000.00

Accompanying notes forming part of the Financial Statements

This is the statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date

**For MSSV & Co**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.0019875

  
**Shiv Shankar T.R.**  
 Partner  
 Membership No.220517

Place: Bangalore  
 Date: 27 May, 2017

**For and on behalf of the Board**

  
**Badruhisra Irfan**

Director  
 DIN:01191458

Place: Bangalore  
 Date: 27 May, 2017



**Sameera Noaman**  
 Director  
 DIN:01191723

Place: Bangalore  
 Date: 27 May, 2017

**DOWNHILL HOLIDAY RESORTS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
 'The Falcon House', No1, Main Guard Cross Road, Bangalore - 560001  
 CIN: U55102KA1995PTC019332  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH, 31 2017**

₹ In hundreds

Particulars	Note no.	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
<b>CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net Loss before taxation		99,957.01	(291.65)
Adjustments for non cash & non operating items:			
Interest Earned		-	-
Profit on sale of investment		(1,00,750.56)	-
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>		<b>(793.55)</b>	<b>(291.65)</b>
Adjustments for			
Increase / (Decrease) in Current and Non Current Liabilities		94.51	25.22
(Increase) / Decrease in Loans & Advances		-	-
(Increase) / Decrease in Other current financial assets		(9.42)	-
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>		<b>(708.46)</b>	<b>(266.43)</b>
Income tax refund / (payment) - Net		-	-
<b>Net Cash from operating activities - A</b>		<b>(708.46)</b>	<b>(266.43)</b>
<b>CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net Cash From / used in Investing Activities - B		-	-
<b>CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net Cash From / used in Financing Activities - C		-	-
<b>Net Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)</b>		<b>(708.46)</b>	<b>(266.43)</b>
Cash & Cash equivalents opening balance		7,231.19	7,497.62
<b>Cash &amp; Cash equivalents closing balance</b>		<b>6,522.73</b>	<b>7,231.19</b>

Accompanying notes forming part of the Financial Statements

This is the statement of cash flows referred to in our report of even date

**For MSSV & Co**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.0019875

  
**Shiv Shankar T.R.**  
 Partner  
 Membership No.220517

Place: Bangalore

Date: 27 May, 2017

**For and on behalf of the Board**

**Badrunissa Irfan**

Director

DIN:01191458

**Sameera Noaman**

Director

DIN:01191723

Place: Bangalore

Date: 27 May, 2017

Place: Bangalore

Date: 27 May, 2017

**DOWNHILL HOLIDAY RESORTS PRIVATE LIMITED**

'The Falcon House', No1, Main Guard Cross Road, Bangalore - 560001

CIN: U55102KA1995PTC019332

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

₹ in hundreds

Particulars	Equity share capital	Other Equity		Total equity
		Retained Earnings	Securities premium	
<b>As at 1 April 2015</b>	<b>4,15,000.00</b>	<b>(7,976.87)</b>	<b>5,25,000.00</b>	<b>9,32,023.13</b>
Profit for the period	-	(291.65)	-	(291.65)
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year, net of income tax	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(291.65)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(291.65)</b>
<b>As at 31 March 2016</b>	<b>4,15,000.00</b>	<b>(8,268.52)</b>	<b>5,25,000.00</b>	<b>9,31,731.48</b>
Profit for the period	-	99,957.01	-	99,957.01
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year, net of income tax	-	-	-	0.00
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>99,957.01</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>99,957.01</b>
<b>As at 31 March 2017</b>	<b>4,15,000.00</b>	<b>91,688.49</b>	<b>5,25,000.00</b>	<b>10,31,688.49</b>

Accompanying notes forming part of the Financial Statements

This is the statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date

For MSSV & Co  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No.0019875

  
Shiv Shankar T.R.  
Partner

Membership No.220517

Place: Bangalore  
Date: 27 May, 2017

For and on behalf of the board



Badrunissa Irfan  
Director

DIN:01191458

Place: Bangalore  
Date: 27 May, 2017



Sameera Noaman  
Director

DIN:01191723

Place: Bangalore  
Date: 27 May, 2017



**DOWNHILL HOLIDAY RESORTS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
The Falcon House', No1, Main Guard Cross Road, Bangalore - 560001  
CIN: U55102KA1995PTC019332

**NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1 Corporate Information**

M/s. Downhill Holiday Resorts Private Limited ("the Company") was incorporated on December 5, 1995 as a company under the Companies Act, 1956 ("the 1956 Act"). The Company is engaged in the business of real estate development.

The Company is a private limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office at 'The Falcon House', No1, Main Guard Cross Road, Bangalore - 560001, Karnataka, India.

The financial statements are approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 27, 2017

**2 Significant accounting policies**

**2.1 Statement of compliance**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS"), the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") (to the extent notified). The Ind AS are prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendments Rules, 2016.

The Company has adopted all the Ind AS standards and the adoption was carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101 - First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles generally accepted in India as prescribed under Sec 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP. These are the Company's first Ind AS financial statements. The date of transition to Ind AS is 1 April 2015. Refer Note 4 for the details of first-time adoption exemptions availed by the Company.

**2.2 Basis of preparation and presentation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest hundreds, on decimal thereof as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

**2.3 Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities), income and expenses and accompanying disclosures. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known / materialise.



**NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**2.4 Fair value measurement**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

**2.5 Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity.

**Dividend income**

Revenue is recognised when the shareholders' or unit holders' right to receive payment is established, which is generally when shareholder approve the dividend.

**Interest income**

Interest income, including income arising from other financial instruments, is recognised using the effective interest rate method except for interest on delayed payment by customers are accounted on receipt basis.

**2.6 Borrowing Cost**

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs. Borrowing costs, allocated to and utilised for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset upto the date of capitalisation of such asset, is added to the cost of the assets. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted.

A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a 12 months or more to get ready for its intended use or sale and includes the real estate properties developed by the Company.

**2.7 Foreign Currency Transactions**

All transactions in foreign currency are recorded on the basis of the exchange rate prevailing as on the date of transaction. The difference, if any, on actual payment / realisation is recorded to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are restated at rates prevailing at the year-end. The net loss or gain arising out of such conversion is dealt with in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



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**2.8 Income Taxes**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

**a. Current tax**

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

**b. Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current tax and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

**c. Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)**

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the entity will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the entity.



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**2.9 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill**

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest Company of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

**2.10 Provisions and contingencies**

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding retirement benefits) are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Notes. Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

**2.11 Financial Instruments**

**2.11a Initial recognition**

The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, that are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

**2.11b Subsequent measurement**

**a. Non-derivative financial instruments**

**Financial assets carried at amortised cost**

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.





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**Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income**

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Further, in cases where the Company has made an irrevocable election based on its business model, for its investments which are classified as equity instruments, the subsequent changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

**Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss**

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

**Financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognized in a business combination which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate the fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

**Investments in Subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates**

Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are carried at cost in the financial statements

**b. Share Capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new ordinary shares are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

**2.11c Derecognition of financial instruments**

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the Company's balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

**2.11d Impairment of financial assets**

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in statement of profit and loss.

**2.12 Operating cycle and basis of classification of assets and liabilities**

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.



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A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – non current classification of assets and liabilities.

**2.13 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

**2.14 Earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share has been computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share has been computed using the weighted average number of shares and dilutive potential shares, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

**3 Recent accounting pronouncements**

**Standards issued but not yet effective**

In March 2017, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendments) Rules, 2017, notifying amendments to Ind AS 7, 'Statement of cash flows' and Ind AS 102, 'Share-based payment.' These amendments are in accordance with the recent amendments made by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) to IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows' and IFRS 2, 'Share-based payment,' respectively. The amendments are applicable to the Company from April 1, 2017.

**Amendment to Ind AS 7:**

The amendment to Ind AS 7 requires the entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes, suggesting inclusion of a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the balance sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities, to meet the disclosure requirement.

The Company is evaluating the requirements of the amendment and the effect on the financial statements is being evaluated.

**Amendment to Ind AS 102:**

The amendment to Ind AS 102 provides specific guidance to measurement of cash-settled awards, modification of cash-settled awards and awards that include a net settlement feature in respect of withholding taxes.

Ind AS 102 Share based payment is not applicable to the Company, hence the amendment has no impact on the Company.





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**4 First-time adoption - mandatory exceptions, optional exemptions**

These are the Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

The accounting policies set out in note have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2017, the comparative information presented in these financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2016 and in the preparation of an opening Ind AS balance sheet at 1 April, 2015 (the Company's date of transition). In preparing its opening Ind AS balance sheet, the Company has adjusted the amounts reported previously in financial statements prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended) and other relevant provisions of the Act (previous GAAP or India GAAP).

Set out below are the applicable Ind AS 101 optional exemptions and mandatory exemptions applied in the transition for previous GAAP to Ind AS.

**Ind AS optional exemptions**

**4.1 Deemed Cost**

Ind AS 101 permits a first-time adopter to elect to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment's covered by Ind AS 16 *Property, plant and equipment's* as recognised in the financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition after making necessary adjustments for de-commissioning liabilities. This exemption can also be used for intangible assets covered by Ind AS 38 *Intangible Assets* and Investment property covered by Ind AS Investment properties.

The Company has elected to measure all of its property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property at their previous GAAP carrying value.

**4.2 Investment in Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and associates**

The company has availed the optional exemption under "Ind AS 101 First time Adoption of Indian Accounting standards" with respect to Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates. Accordingly, the previous GAAP carrying amount of such investments as on transition date has been taken as deemed cost.

**Ind AS Mandatory exemptions**

**4.3 Estimates**

As entity's estimates in accordance with Ind AS at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is objective evidence that those estimates were in error.

Ind AS estimates as at 1 April, 2015 are consistent with the estimates as at the same date made in conformity with previous GAAP. The Company made estimates for following items in accordance with Ind AS at the date of transition as these were not required under previous GAAP.

- a. Investment in debt instruments carried at FVPL; and
- b. Impairment of financial assets based on expected credit loss method.

**4.4 De-recognition of financial assets and liabilities**

Ind AS 101 requires a first-time adopter to apply the de-recognition provisions of Ind AS prospectively for transactions occurring on or after the date of transition to Ind AS. However, Ind AS 101 allows a first-time adopter to apply the de-recognition requirements in Ind AS 109 retrospectively from a date of the entity's choosing, provided that the information needed to apply Ind AS 109 to financial assets and financial liabilities derecognised as a result of past transactions was obtained at the time of initial accounting for those transactions.

The Company has elected to apply the de-recognition provisions of Ind AS 109 prospectively from the date of transition to Ind AS.



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**5 Non-Current Investments**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds		
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
<b>(Measured at Cost)</b>			
<b>Equity Instruments in Associate Company</b>			
Northland Holding Company Private Limited	-	1,07,985.60	1,07,985.60
- Nil (2016 -1,079,856, 2015 - 1,079,856) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	-	1,07,985.60	1,07,985.60

**6 Cash and cash equivalents**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds		
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
<b>Balances with banks</b>			
- in current accounts	6,522.73	7,231.19	7,497.62
	<b>6,522.73</b>	<b>7,231.19</b>	<b>7,497.62</b>

Details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period from 8 November, 2016 to 30 December, 2016 are as follows:

	Specified Bank Notes	Other Denomination	Total
Closing cash in hand as on 8 November, 2016	-	-	-
Add: Permitted receipts	-	-	-
Less: Permitted payments	-	-	-
Less: Amount deposited in Banks	-	-	-
Closing cash in hand as on 30 December, 2016	-	-	-

**7 Short term - Loan**

Particulars	Note No.	₹ in hundreds		
		As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
(Measured at amortised cost)				
To related parties - unsecured, considered good				
Other advances to related parties	21	8,16,884.89	8,16,884.89	8,16,884.89
		8,16,884.89	8,16,884.89	8,16,884.89

**Due from related parties:**

Directors	-	-	-
Firms in which directors are partners	-	-	-
Companies in which directors of the Company are directors or members*	8,16,884.89	8,16,884.89	8,16,884.89

\*loan has been given to other companies before operation of Companies Act, 2013. hence sections 185 and 186 not applicable.



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**8 Other current financial assets**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds		
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
<b>(Measured at amortised cost)</b>			
<b>To others - unsecured, considered good</b>			
Other advances	9.42	-	-
<b>To related parties - unsecured, considered good</b>			
Receivable for sale of investments	2,08,736.16	-	-
	<b>2,08,745.58</b>	-	-

**9 Equity Share Capital**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds		
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
<b>Authorised capital</b>			
4,152,000 (2016 - 4,152,000, 2015 - 4,152,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each	4,15,200.00	4,15,200.00	4,15,200.00
<b>Issued, subscribed and paid up capital</b>			
4,150,000 (2016 - 4,150,000, 2015 - 4,150,000) Equity shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid up	4,15,000.00	4,15,000.00	4,15,000.00
	<b>4,15,000.00</b>	<b>4,15,000.00</b>	<b>4,15,000.00</b>

Of the above 4,150,000 equity shares (2016 - 4,150,000, 2015 - 4,150,000) of Rs. 10 each are held by the Holding Company M/s. Prestige Estates Projects Limited

**List of persons holding more than 5 percent shares in the Company**

Name of the share holder	As at 31 March 2017		As at 31 March 2016		As at 1 April 2015	
	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding
Prestige Estates Projects Limited	41,50,000	100%	41,50,000	100%	41,50,000	100%
	<b>41,50,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>41,50,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>41,50,000</b>	<b>100%</b>

**Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017		As at 31 March 2016		As at 1 April 2015	
	No of shares	Amount	No of shares	Amount	No of shares	Amount
<b>Equity Shares</b>						
At the beginning of the year	41,50,000	4,15,000	41,50,000	4,15,000	41,50,000	4,15,000
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>At the end of the year</b>	<b>41,50,000</b>	<b>4,15,000</b>	<b>41,50,000</b>	<b>4,15,000</b>	<b>41,50,000</b>	<b>4,15,000</b>

The Company has only one class of equity shares with voting rights having par value of Rs. 10 each. The rights, preferences and restrictions attached to such equity shares is in accordance with the terms of issue of equity shares under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.



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**10 Other Equity**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds		
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
<b>Retained earnings</b>			
Opening balance	(8,268.52)	(7,976.87)	(7,233.26)
Add: Net Profit/(loss) for the year	99,957.01	(291.65)	(743.61)
	<b>91,688.49</b>	<b>(8,268.52)</b>	<b>(7,976.87)</b>
<b>Securities Premium Account</b>			
Opening balance	5,25,000.00	5,25,000.00	5,25,000.00
Add: Additions during the year	-	-	-
	<b>5,25,000.00</b>	<b>5,25,000.00</b>	<b>5,25,000.00</b>
	<b>6,16,688.49</b>	<b>5,16,731.48</b>	<b>5,17,023.13</b>

Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

**11 Other Short Term Financial Liabilities**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds		
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
<b>(Measured at amortised cost)</b>			
Other Payables	463.21	324.94	266.72
	<b>463.21</b>	<b>324.94</b>	<b>266.72</b>

**12 Other Current Liabilities**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds		
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
Withholding taxes and duties	1.50	45.26	78.26
	<b>1.50</b>	<b>45.26</b>	<b>78.26</b>



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**13 Other Income**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds	
	Year ended 31 Mar 2017	Year ended 31 Mar 2016
Profit on Sale of Investments	1,00,750.56	-
	<b>1,00,750.56</b>	<b>-</b>

**14 Other Expenses**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds	
	Year ended 31 Mar 2017	Year ended 31 Mar 2016
Audit Fee	166.75	165.30
Legal and professional	602.01	125.95
Rates and taxes	24.79	0.40
	<b>793.55</b>	<b>291.65</b>

**15 Tax expenses**

**a Income tax recognised in profit or loss**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds	
	Year ended 31 Mar 2017	Year ended 31 Mar 2016
<b>Current tax</b>		
In respect of the current year	20,200.00	-
In respect of prior years	-	-
	<b>20,200.00</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Deferred tax</b>		
In respect of the current year	(20,200.00)	-
	<b>(20,200.00)</b>	<b>-</b>
	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

**b Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds	
	Year ended 31 Mar 2017	Year ended 31 Mar 2016
Profit before tax from continuing operations	99,957.01	-291.65
Tax rate as per normal provisions of the income tax act	-	30.90%
Tax rate as per normal provisions of section 115JB of the income tax act.	19.06%	-
Income tax expense calculated at applicable tax rate	19,046.81	-90.12
Tax Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	1,153.19	90.12
Impact of MAT Credit entitlement	(20,200.00)	-
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	<b>0.00</b>	<b>-</b>





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- 16** In the opinion of the Management all the current assets have value of realization in the ordinary course of business which is at least equal to the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet.

**17 Contingent liabilities and capital commitments**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds		
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
<b>Contingent liabilities</b>			
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts	-	-	-
Corporate guarantee given on behalf of companies under the same management	-	-	-
<b>Capital commitment</b>			
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) and not provided for	-	-	-

**18 Fair values**

None of financial assets are measured at fair values.

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities will approximate to its carrying amounts.

**19 Financial risk management objectives and policies**

The company's risk management is carried out by Board of directors in accordance with the policies laid down. The board of directors of the company identifies, evaluates and manages risk in close co-operation with the holding company's management. The objectives, policies and process of managing the each type of risk is detailed as below:

**I Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity/ real estate risk.

**a. Interest rate risk**

The company has not borrowed any money from Banks or financial institutions or as inter corporate deposits. Hence, the company is not exposed to interest rate risk.

**b. Commodity price**

The Company has no exposure to commodity prices as it does not deal in derivative instruments whose underlying is a commodity.

**c. Equity price risk**

The Company's exposure to equity price risk is not material as at all the reporting periods presented in the financial statements.

**II Credit risk**

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The company's exposure is mainly with regard to advance paid to related parties. The credit exposure is controlled by the Board of Directors through continuous review of the status of such advances.





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**III Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as and when they are due. The Company's Board undertakes this responsibility and supervises the liquidity ratios at regular intervals.

As at March 31, 2017, all the financial liabilities of the company are expected to be settled within 12 months from the

**20 Capital management**

The company manages its capital in such a way to ensure that there is timely availability of funds for the operations. The capital structure of the Company enormously consists of equity. Till 31st March 2017, the operations of the company are predominantly funded by means of equity. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Company's Board reviews the capital structure and determines the appropriate composition of debt and equity.

**21 Related party disclosure :**

**(i) List of related parties**

**a Controlling Enterprise**

Prestige Estates Projects Limited - Holding Company

**b Associates**

Northland Holding Company Private Limited

**c Entities under common control**

Prestige Hospitality Ventures

**d Key Management Personnel**

Mrs. Badrunissa Irfan

Mrs. Almas Rezwan

Mrs. Sameera Noaman

**ii) Transactions with Related Parties during the year-**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds	
	Year ended 31 Mar 2017	Year ended 31 Mar 2016
<b>Sale of investment</b>		
<i>Entities under common control</i>		
Prestige Hospitality Ventures	2,08,736.16	-
	<b>2,08,736.16</b>	<b>-</b>



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**iii) Balance Outstanding**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds		
	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
<b>Advance paid</b>			
<i>Associates</i>			
Northland Holding Company Private Limited	8,16,884.89	8,16,884.89	8,16,884.89
	<b>8,16,884.89</b>	<b>8,16,884.89</b>	<b>8,16,884.89</b>
<b>Other receivable</b>			
<i>Entities under common control</i>			
Prestige Hospitality Ventures	2,08,736.16	-	-
	<b>2,08,736.16</b>	-	-
<b>Payable</b>			
<i>Controlling Enterprise</i>			
Prestige Estates Projects Limited	98.18	98.18	98.18
	<b>98.18</b>	<b>98.18</b>	<b>98.18</b>

- a) Related party relationships are as identified by the company on the basis of information available with them and accepted by the auditors.  
 b) No amount is / has been written back during the period in respect of debts due from or to related party.  
 c) Reimbursement of actual expenses is not disclosed in transactions with Related Parties during the year.

**22 Earnings per share**

Particulars	Year ended 31 Mar 2017	Year ended 31 Mar 2016
Net profit/ (loss) for the year available to equity shareholders	99,957.01	(291.65)
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding (in numbers)		
- Basic	41,50,000.00	41,50,000.00
- Diluted	41,50,000.00	41,50,000.00
Nominal Value of shares (in Rupees)	10.00	10.00
Basic Earnings per Share (in Rupees)	2.41	(0.01)
Diluted Earnings per Share (in Rupees)	2.41	(0.01)

**23 Auditors' Remuneration**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds	
	Year ended 31 Mar 2017	Year ended 31 Mar 2016
<b>Payment to Auditors (including service tax) :</b>		
Statutory audit	115.00	114.00
Limited Review	51.75	51.30
	<b>166.75</b>	<b>165.30</b>

- 24** There are no Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, to whom the company owes dues, which are outstanding at the Balance Sheet date, computed on unit wise basis, determined to the extent such parties identified on the basis of information available with the company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.
- 25** There are no employees employed by the company and accordingly there are no employee costs and provision for employee benefits.



**DOWNHILL HOLIDAY RESORTS PRIVATE LIMITED**  
 'The Falcon House', No1, Main Guard Cross Road, Bangalore - 560001  
 CIN: U55102KA1995PTC019332  
**NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS**

**26 Segment Reporting**

The operations of the company include real estate development constituting a single segment and has restricted to one geographical area. Hence the disclosure of segment information as per Ind AS 108 is not applicable.

**27 First time Ind AS adoption reconciliation**

**a Reconciliation of total equity as at 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2015**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds	
	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
Total equity (shareholders' fund) under previous GAAP	9,31,731.48	9,32,023.13
Impact of Ind AS adoption to equity	-	-
Total equity under Ind AS	<u>9,31,731.48</u>	<u>9,32,023.13</u>

**b Reconciliation of total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2016**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds	
	Year ended 31 Mar 2016	
Profit as per previous GAAP	(291.65)	
Impact of Ind AS adoption on profit/ loss for the year	-	
Profit as per Ind AS	<u>(291.65)</u>	

**c Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents as at 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2015**

Particulars	₹ in hundreds	
	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
Cash & cash equivalents for the purpose of statement of cash flows as per previous GAAP	7,231.19	7,497.62
Impact of Ind AS adoption	-	-
Cash & cash equivalents for the purpose of statement of cash flows under Ind AS	<u>7,231.19</u>	<u>7,497.62</u>

**28** There are no foreign currency exposure as at 31 March 2017 that have not been hedged by a derivative instruments or otherwise.



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**NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS**

- 29 Under a Scheme of Arrangement ('the Scheme') as approved by the Board of Directors on March 29, 2016, the management is in the process of merging the Company with Prestige Estates Projects Limited (holding Company) on a going concern basis, with effect from April 1, 2015 (the Appointed Date) wherein all the assets and liabilities appearing in the books of accounts of the Company shall stand transferred to and vested in Holding Company, as the case may be pursuant to the Scheme and shall be recorded by Holding Company at values as may be determined by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company. The Company is in the process of obtaining the necessary statutory approvals (including the approval of the Tribunal) for the proposed scheme. Pending final outcome in this regard, management is of the view that no adjustments are required to be made to the carrying value of assets and liabilities.

Signatures to Notes 1 to 29

In terms of our report attached

**For MSSV & Co**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 0019875

  
**Shiv Shankar T.R**

Partner

Membership No. 220517



**For and on behalf of the Board**



**Badrunissa Irfan**

Director

DIN: 01191458

Place: Bangalore

Date: 27 May, 2017



**Sameera Noaman**

Director

DIN: 01191723

Place: Bangalore

Date: 27 May, 2017